



# COMPROMISED CREDENTIAL RECOVERY API DOCUMENTATION

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# GETTING STARTED WITH COMPROMISED CREDENTIAL RECOVERY

Phishing websites utilize various techniques to evade detection, capture credential data, and extricate that data without being caught. The attack types have no uniform data structure, requiring the API's flexible designs to search vast amounts of compromised data.

The Compromised Credential Recovery (CCR) API locates compromised customer, employee, and 3rd party vendor data enabling the exploration of pre-dark web phishing victim data and helping fraud teams understand what information was obtained in an attack. This may include data to gain access to digital banking, SIM swapping, and/or bypassing two-factor authentication (2FA). The API integrates with downstream systems to automatically reset compromised account passwords or engage additional account security protocols, protecting users at speed. With Compromised Credential Recovery, you can:

- Identify compromised account data weeks or months before it is sold publicly on dark web marketplaces.
- Augment existing processes for fighting Payment and Credit Card Fraud
- Obtain access to compromised victim information via API
- Received details like URL, impersonated brand, and date/time when the credential was found
- Attain a detailed picture of threat actors and credential phishing
- Receive rapid return of credentials to minimize risk exposure
- Gain a deeper understanding of threat actor tactics, techniques, and procedures (TTPs)

Search for partial matches of email, credit card number, IP address, account number, phone number, and many other content formats to identify specific entries. The Compromised Credential Recovery system periodically rechecks active attacks for new credentials. Search for the latest version of a captured file or review multiple versions to identify updates.



## **WMC Global Website**

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## **DOCUMENT STATUS**

This document supports v4.0 for the Compromised Credential Recovery API. The API and documentation are subject to change.



## **CCR DATA DICTIONARIES**

## DATA DICTIONARY INPUT PARAMETERS

PARAMETER NAME	DESCRIPTION	DATA TYPE
x-api-key	User API key; a unique identifier used to	string
	authenticate a user issued by WMC Global	

## **DATA DICTIONARY SEARCH PARAMETERS**

PARAMETER NAME	DATA TYPE	REQUIRED?	DESCRIPTION	EXAMPLE
brand	string	No	Indicate the	WMC
			impersonated brand.	
			Allow to query over the	*WMC*
			content of the file.	
			Support regex (place	
			the expression	
content	string	No	between "/") (Regular	
			expressions use the	
			Lucene syntax,	
			which differs from	
			more	
			standardized	
			implementations and	
			are applied to the	
			terms in the field (i.e.	
			tokens), not the entire	
			field.)	
credit_card	string	No	Credit card extracted	444401230

			from the content of the	4560789
			file.	
			Credit card bins	401190
credit_card_bi	string	No	extracted from the	
n			content of the file.	
datetime_filter	string	No	Date range to be consulted. Format: YYYY-MM-DD or logical dates like now / now-#(h d y) Valid parameters are	{'gte': '2023-04- 08', 'lte': 'now-8h'}
			"gt" (greater than),	
			"gte" (greater than	
			or equal), "lt" (less	
			than)	
			and "Ite" (less than or equal). The default value is to	
			search all data.	
			Search for emails	user@wmc.
email	string	No	extracted from the	com
			content of the file.	
file_name	string	No	Path to the victim file.	Htttp_phi shing.com /filename .txt
			Select the columns that	"filter":
			you want to consult.	"date_tim
			Available columns are:	e, file name
			brand, content,	, id,
filter	string	No	credit_card,	source"
			credit_card_bin,	
			date_time, email,	

		1		
			file_name, file_part, id,	
			ip, last_version_found,	
			phish_id, url, source.	
			The default value	
			includes:	
			"id","brand","date_time"	
			,"file_name","phish_id","	
			url",	
			"last_version_found","f	
			ile_part"	
ip	string	No	IPs extracted from the	192.168.1
			content of the file.	.1
			If "true" it will filter the	FALSE
			files to search only over	
last_version_fo	string	No	the last version of each	
und			file, if	
			"false" it will search over	
			all versions (including	
			the last one).	
			Filter files by a phrase	WMC
match_phrase	string	No	that must exist in the	GLOBAL
			content field (Supports	
			whitespaces).	
			The unique PhishFeed	33010101
phish_id	string	No	URL identifier the record	
			was found to be	
			associated with when	
			applicable.	
size_filter	int	No	Items to be returned.	100
			The default value is 10	
			Indicate the source of	site
			the file, if it comes from a	
			,	

source	string	No	live phising site	
			("site") or private	
			conversation / forum	
			data ("forum").	
			The phishing attack URL	https://p
url	string	No	where the credential file	hishing.c
			was found when	om
			applicable.	

## DATA DICTIONARY FILE PARAMETERS

PARAMETER	DATA	REQUIRED?	DESCRIPTION	EXAMPLE
NAME	TYPE			
id	string	yes	Unique identifier of a file (Do	046d5b54-
			not include "_p_# ).	425*
size_filter	int	No	Number of items to be	5
			returned (In case you don't	
			know how many file parts	
			exist).	
first_part	int	No	First part of the file to be	1
			consulted (This column is not	
			needed if you want to start	
			from the first part of the file.)	
last_part	int	N0	Last part of the file to be	3
			consulted. (This column is not	
			needed if you want to end at	
			the last part of the column.)	

## **CCR EXAMPLES**



#### NOTE

When filtering columns, the fields "email," "credit\_card," "credit\_card\_bin," and "ip" support ".lines," this will return the lines from the file in which the value appears. If a value appears multiple times on the same row, the row will appear that number of times on the list. The columns "brand," "content," "credit\_card," "credit\_card\_bin," "email," "file\_name," "ip," "phish\_id," and "url" support wildcards.

```
EXAMPLE: {"filter": "brand", "id", "credit_card.lines",
"phish_id", "credit_card": "44858_ OR 45360_"
,"datetime_filter": {"gte": "2023-04-08","lte": "now-8h"},size_filter: 100 }
```

For performance implications, adding additional wildcards to any search has an impact on the performance and likelihood of a timeout. Similarly, the date range can also impact performance. In general, alphanumeric searches are less performant than numeric, such as credit\_card or ip. As a best practice, if there are timeouts with a particular given query that is being attempted, the recommendation is to pare down the number of wildcards (if applicable), adding in additional filtering to remove extraneous results, or reduce the date/time range of the query.

For the date/time range, to perform a search for a single day as opposed to a range of dates, a combination of both gte and lte filters with the same day is required.

```
EXAMPLE: "datetime_filter": { "gte": "2024-04-10", "lte":
"2024-04-10"}
```



#### **EXAMPLES OF QUERIES USING / SEARCH ENDPOINT:**

Get all email records with the domain "@domain.com" over the last 30 days:

```
{

"filter": "date_time, file_name, source, id, email.data",

"email": "*@domain.com",

"datetime_filter": {"gte": "now-30d"},

"size_filter": "1000"
}
```

#### **EXAMPLE OF RETURNED DATA:**

```
[
{
    "date_time": "2024-07-17T20:30:58+00:00",
    "file_name": "filename.txt",
    "source": "forum",
    "id": "id123",
    "email": [
    {"data": "email@domain.com"},
    {"data": "email@domain.com"}
    ]
}
```

# USE REGEX TO FIND POTENTIAL PHONE NUMBERS OVER THE LAST 30 DAYS:

```
{

"filter": "date_time, file_name, id, source",

"content": "/\\d{3}\\d{4}/",

"datetime_filter": {"gte": "now-30d"},

"size_filter": "1000"
}
```



#### **EXAMPLE OF RETURNED DATA:**

```
[
{
    "date_time": "2824-07-31T11:14:28+00:00",
    "file_name": "filename.txt",
    "source": "forum",
    "idi": "idi23",
    "content": {
    "total_content_matched": 4,
    "matched_content": {
    "123456789",
    "987654321",
    "741852963",
    "963852741"
    ]
}
]
]
```

COMBINATION OF OR LOGIC FOR CREDIT\_CARDS, AS WELL AS EMAILS WITH THE DOMAIN "@DOMAIN.COM" OVER THE LAST 30 DAYS:

```
{

"filter": "date_time, file_name, source, id",

"email":"*@domain.com",

"credit_card":"1* OR 2* OR 3*",

"datetime_filter": {"gte": "now-30d"},

"size_filter": "10000"
}
```

### **EXAMPLE OF RETURNED DATA:**

```
[
{
    "date_time": "2024-07-11T12:38:55+00:00",
    "file_name": "filename.txt",
    "source": "forum",
    "id": "id123",
    "email": [
    {"data": email@domain.com }
],
    "credit_card": [
    {"data": "234567890123456"},
    {"data": "3456789012345678"}
}
```

## **EXAMPLE OF A QUERY USING /FILE ENDPOINT:**

```
{
    "id": "0c6c2d84-37f2",
    "first_part": 1,
    "last_part": 3
}
```

### **EXAMPLE OF RETURN FROM THE /FILE ENDPOINT:**

```
{
    "start_line": 81708,
    "first_part": 1,
    "last_part": 2,
    "content": "Files content",
    "id": "046d5b54-4250-4763-b07c-457bc596ab97"
}
```

## **CCR RESPONSES**

BASE URL: api.wmcglobal.com/recovsearch/v4

**SCHEME:** HTTPS

API: POST /search

API: POST /file

**CONTENT TYPE:** application/JSON

RESPONSE CODE	DESCRIPTION
200	success

RESPONSE CODE	DESCRIPTION
403	error

```
JSON
{
    "message": "Forbidden"
}
```

RESPONSE CODE	DESCRIPTION
413	error

```
full state of the state of
```

RESPONSE CODE	DESCRIPTION
500	error

```
{
    "message": "A system error has occurred; please try again later or contact support"
}
```